

Wood May Be Illinois Men's Second Choice

Republican Delegation To Be Solidly for Lowden, but May Switch Over to General in an Emergency

Democrats for Palmer

Roger Sullivan Will Take Delegates to San Francisco for Attorney General

This is the fourth of a series of articles by Carter Field on the political outlook throughout the country.

By Carter Field

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—Illinois seems to be about the least doubtful state in the Union. At the Republican National Convention, beyond the shadow of a doubt, she will cast her fifty-four votes for her favorite son, Governor Frank O. Lowden. At the San Francisco convention, unless there is some remarkable and unexpected change in the situation, her fifty-four delegates will vote for Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer. And her twenty-seven electoral votes, unless there is a political landslide between now and November, will be cast for whoever the Republicans nominate.

Illinois seems to be intensely proud of Governor Lowden. Politicians and business men of both parties alike sing his praises. The Democrats, apparently, can advance no reason why the Republicans should not nominate him, except that the Republicans would thereby be passing up an opportunity to capture some doubtful state by nominating its favorite son, whereas "anybody can carry Illinois on the Republican ticket." This last statement was made to me by one of the most prominent Democrats in the state.

Democrats Like Lowden

With a wonderfully enthusiastic organization covering Illinois, the Lowden people are reaching out into the surrounding states, particularly Michigan, Iowa and South Dakota. They are keeping hands off in Wisconsin, due to the La Follette situation, and in North Dakota, due to the Nonpartisan League situation. The Lowden women are organized under Mrs. Fletcher Dobyns, who has charge of their activities in the national fight.

Perhaps the best illustration of how the Democrats in Illinois feel toward Governor Lowden is the fact that the Democratic State Convention in 1918 adopted a plank in its platform praising Lowden for his record as a war governor. The significance of this is enhanced by the fact that the plank was sponsored by Roger C. Sullivan, whose domination of the Democratic party in Illinois is unquestioned. One of the Sullivan's bitterest opponents in the party, however, in a confidential conversation to-day indorsed that plank

in the Democratic platform and praised Governor Lowden without stint. In view of the strength of General Wood in other states with former Roosevelt men, the Lowden people point with pride to the fact that such men as Harold L. Ickes, of Chicago, who was chairman of the Progressive convention; Frank H. Funk, Progressive candidate for Governor in 1912; Senator Medill McCormick, and George H. Porter, of Chicago, old and personal friends of President Roosevelt, are doing all they can for Lowden.

There is admittedly a great deal of Wood sentiment in the state, and the Wood people are confident the delegation will have at least a liberal sprinkling of men who will jump to Wood if it should develop that Lowden cannot be nominated. This may or may not be true, but it is very obvious that Wood has not inherited the Roosevelt following in Illinois to anything like the extent that he has in some other states, notably Ohio.

Lowden to Win Primary

Illinois has a preferential primary on May 10. It is not definitely settled yet whether General Wood will be entered. That will probably be determined by events in the mean time. However, the primary is not binding in its effect on the delegates. The state convention instructs the delegates from the districts, who are elected by the people, and the convention also selects the "big four." There is no doubt whatever that the Lowden people will be in full control, nor, for that matter, that Lowden will win the primary if any other candidate enters to contest it with him.

The Wood people here are very optimistic, despite their being surrounded by favorite son enthusiasm. They point to the fact that six Western Governors have already come out for Wood: Burnquist, Minnesota; Norbeck, South Dakota; Allen, Kansas; Shoup, Colorado; Campbell, Arizona, and Larrazola, New Mexico. They are very much cheered, also, with regard to the Iowa situation, a report having come in that Governor Harding of that state is for Wood. The Lowden people are very confident that Governor Harding is for them.

James J. McGraw, national committeeman from Oklahoma, will arrive in a few days to take charge of Wood headquarters here, with Fred Stanley, national committeeman from Kansas, as his lieutenant. The hotels here give the impression that the convention might be next week instead of on June 8. The Lowden people have suites at both the Congress and Auditorium, the Wood people have nearly one whole side of a corridor at the Congress. Coolidge headquarters will be opened in a few days, and both national committees have headquarters.

Sullivan for Palmer

On the Democratic side it is conceded by friends of the other candidates, although thus far no Democratic candidate has developed any enthusiastic support here, that Roger Sullivan will take the delegation to San Francisco for A. Mitchell Palmer. Mr. Sullivan has made no secret of his friendship and admiration of the Attorney General. He is said not to be particularly friendly to McAdoo, although he has commented to friends that Palmer and McAdoo have more admirers than any other candidates mentioned so far for the Presidency. He is known to be against the nomination of Herbert C. Hoover. So every one here assumes that the Illinois delegation will vote solidly for Palmer until he is nominated or it is conceded that he has no chance for the nomination. Friends of the Attorney General do not think that his injunctions against the coal strikers will hurt him much, despite the large number of coal miners in Illinois. Despite the large foreign population of the state, and

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PEARLS DIAMONDS JEWELRY
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particularly of Chicago, they do not think his pressure for sedition bills will hurt him. On the other hand, there are prominent Democrats, but who probably will have little to do with naming the delegates, who think both these things would make it difficult for Palmer to carry any state in the middle Western group, especially when Mayor Thompson's boast that Chicago is the sixth German city in the world is recalled.

Ex-Senator James Hamilton Lewis has told friends that he would not be surprised to see the Democratic convention pass over Palmer for the reasons just stated, pass over McAdoo because of dissatisfaction with him on account of the railroad administration aftermath, which includes dissatisfaction on the part of the brotherhoods because their differential of pay was not maintained as against the other railroad workers; pass over Hoover because of political vulnerability as Champ Clark or Governor Cox of Ohio; Clark, he suggested, as possible because there could gather to him all that opposed the President, while admirers of the President could be for him on the ground that he would carry out Mr. Wilson's policies. Governor Cox, in this line of thought, might be selected by the convention because of the supreme necessity of the Democrats of carrying Ohio.

Some Wilson Talk

Senator Lewis has surprised his friends also by declaring that it may be the logical thing at the time of the convention to renominate President Wilson, especially if there should be a continuance of the wars in Europe, or they should grow worse. However, it may be taken for granted that unless something entirely unforeseen occurs, these thoughts will not affect the Illinois delegation to the Democratic convention. It will be for Palmer, unless Roger Sullivan sees a great light of some sort in the meantime, and Mr. Sullivan is very seldom dazzled.

It should be recalled that although Sullivan had much to do with the nomination of Wilson in Baltimore in 1912, throwing the Illinois delegation to him at the psychological moment, President Wilson never manifested any gratitude. When the time came to distribute the plums it was Senator Lewis, ex-Mayor Carter Harrison and others, who had spent most of their political lives fighting the big fellow, whose recommendations as to Federal patronage were heeded at the White House. Then William Jennings Bryan, Wilson's Cabinet premier at the time, actually stumped Illinois against Sullivan, when the Illinois boss ran for

re-election. He carried Cook County by a big majority in between two sweeps of the city of Chicago by Mayor Thompson on the Republican ticket. Therefore, the Democratic organization is anxious that every bit of Lewis strength possible shall be contributed to the local Cook County ticket next fall. Even if Illinois goes Republican and the national candidates go down to defeat, the Lewis strength might aid considerably in putting over the Cook County ticket.

Hence it is not at all unlikely that the Illinois delegation at San Francisco, headed and controlled by Roger Sullivan, Lewis's foe of years' standing, may do its utmost to get Lewis nominated for Vice-President.

Wood Gaining In All States, Gould Asserts

General's Eastern Manager Says It Soon Will Become Apparent He Is Popular Favorite for Nomination

Glad of the Hoover Boom

Hearst Is Reported Making Overtures to Johnson to Head Third Party Ticket

Representative Norman J. Gould, of Seneca Falls, the newly appointed Eastern manager of the Leonard Wood boom for President, predicted yesterday at his headquarters in the Imperial Hotel that General Wood's lead would be steadily increased. He declared that within a few weeks it would become apparent that he is the great popular favorite of the country and his nomination will be assured.

Mr. Gould also said that he had been informed by a prominent New York City man that Senator Hiram W. Johnson, of California, is receiving overtures from William R. Hearst looking to his becoming the candidate for President on a third party ticket on a platform declaring unrelenting opposition to the proposed league of nations.

"As to the Hoover boom," said the new Wood lieutenant, "the Wood men will be glad to have him run as a Democratic candidate. The record seems to show that Mr. Hoover has been out of the country pretty much all of the time for the last fourteen years and that he never voted the Republican ticket but once, and then for McKinley."

"Hoover joined with Wilson in asking the country to elect a Democratic Congress in 1918, a favor for which I personally desire to thank him, as my plurality after that appeal rose to 24,159. The people of this nation will beat any candidate handed to them by the Wilson Administration, no matter who he is."

Asked about the Johnson third party candidacy, Mr. Gould said:

"I have to-day been informed by a New York man who keeps informed about large political movements that there is a combination impending between William R. Hearst and Senator Hiram W. Johnson, looking to Mr. Johnson being the candidate for President on a third party ticket. I do not know whether it is a fact or not. There seems to be a tie that binds Senator Johnson and William R. Hearst."

"General Wood is obtaining such a big lead that there is no longer any doubt that he will be the nominee for President at the Chicago convention. Here it is the last week in January and we are so well in front that it makes it a stern chase for all the other aspirants."

"Five governors, after full consideration of the politics involved, have declared for General Wood. They are Henry J. Allen, of Kansas; J. A. Burnquist, of Minnesota; Oliver L. Shoup, of Colorado; Peter Norbeck, of South Dakota, and John H. Bartlett, of New Hampshire. Every one knows of the great strength of General Wood in Massachusetts, Michigan, Indiana and Ohio. We have a good lead in the

race and the lead is widening every day. "Determined efforts are being made by the Lowden men in South Dakota and in Michigan to overcome Wood's lead, because South Dakota is the first Middle West state to hold primaries, and Michigan is the first large state. Michigan has thirty delegates. Neither the Harding nor any other Republican following are making serious efforts for candidates outside their particular states. General Wood has just returned to Chicago from a two-days' visit to Grand Rapids and St. Joseph, Mich."

"Ex-Senator William Alden Smith introduced him at Grand Rapids, and announced that he would support him with all his power. Thereafter Republican leaders met General Wood and assured him that he was Michigan's choice."

"General Wood will answer the challenge of Senator Poindexter and the letter of Senator Borah asking him to state his position on the league of nations. Among the letters of support received by General Wood in Chicago last week was one from Billy Sunday."

William A. Orr, campaign manager for Senator Miles Poindexter, of Washington, last night reported that he had received a telegram from Major Robert P. Johnston, of Concord, the New Hampshire Bull Moose leader in 1912, that candidates for delegates in New Hampshire had filed official notice of their intentions as follows: Governor John H. Bartlett, pledged to Wood; Frank Knox, of Manchester, pledged

How Will You Avoid Influenza?

In Spanish Influenza, as in many other diseases, the germ fastens most readily on fruitful soil—a system that is in poor condition.

A favorite breeding-ground for disease germs in the body is the food waste in the large intestine. Stoppage of that waste, and the resulting decay, generates poisons which are absorbed by the blood, lowering its power of resistance to withstand the attack of outside germs such as influenza.

In plain terms, constipation encourages Spanish Influenza.

If you keep your intestinal passage clear and functioning regularly to get rid of this waste, your system will be kept in good condition to successfully cope with disease germs to which you may be exposed.

That is what the Nujol Treatment does—without straining, and without drawing on the vitality of other parts of the body, as do other forms of treatment.

In plain terms, Nujol discourages constipation and its dangerous consequences.

If you think you're a victim of the Spanish Influenza, see a doctor at once.

If you're well, keep your body clean inside with the Nujol Treatment. It is the best possible Sickness Prevention.

Nujol is sold by all druggists in bottles bearing the Nujol Trade Mark. Beware of products represented to be "the same as Nujol." You may suffer from substitutes. Address Nujol Laboratories, Standard Oil Co. (New Jersey), 50 Broadway, New York, for valuable health booklet, free, "Thirty Feet of Danger."

Paper Milk Containers Dropped by One Dairy

Truxton Company Returns to Bottles Because of Mechanical Difficulties

The sale of milk in paper containers was discontinued yesterday by the Truxton Dairy Company, it was announced at the office of the company, at Avenue B and East Nineteenth Street. The device for placing the caps on the receptacles proved defective, it was said, necessitating work by hand, which proved too expensive. An official of the company said that the demand had been fairly large for the containers, but no effort to enlarge the company's business had been made because of the mechanical difficulties.

The milk was sold to grocers at 15 cents a quart container. The company will return to the use of bottles, selling milk at the same price, but requiring a deposit of 5 cents on a bottle. Other large distributors sell bottled milk at 18 cents a quart to grocers, according to the January price schedule. One distributor has announced a recent drop for February. The Truxton company official announced that the question of lowering the price charged by his company would be taken up at a meeting to-morrow.

Business Men Here Urge Immediate Treaty Action

About thirty business men, representing the Merchants' Association of New York, the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York and other commercial and civic organizations will go to Washington to-day by appointment, to urge upon the New York Senators, James W. Wadsworth and W. M. Calder, the importance of immediate action regarding the peace treaty. The delegation will be headed by William Church Osborn.

The Merchant Tailors Society of the City of New York DECLARES FOR THE OPEN SHOP and INDUSTRIAL FREEDOM

The undersigned members of The Merchant Tailors Society of the City of New York, in conformity with its Declaration of Principles, are conducting their establishments upon the Open-Shop plan.

Through a prolonged strike of almost eighteen weeks they stood as a unit for INDUSTRIAL FREEDOM, firmly refusing to bow to the dictates of professional radicals—the trouble makers by whom the strike was called and conducted during that period with the usual methods of intimidation and destruction of property. This strike was an obvious effort to force the closed shop upon the trade, gain control of the business and impose upon it all the well-known restrictions of radical Unionism.

The strike was unpopular with the workmen from the start. Fear of the consequences kept many of them from remaining at their employment. But with the SWEEPING AND PERMANENT INJUNCTION lately granted and protection now assured, they are returning daily to their old positions. Conditions are now normal and settled.

As in the past, the workers will be paid liberally and in accordance with present living conditions. Due regard for proficiency will be recognized, and ambitious men will be given every opportunity to better themselves.

As good American citizens let us rally round the standards of Freedom and Social Order. Let us show a united front against those forces of sedition and disloyalty which aim at the destruction of our established Government and its time-honored institutions, the mainstay of our life and liberty.

We endorse the action of the Government in punishing and deporting all undesirables. Bolsheviks, Soviets, and I. W. W.'s. There is no room for them in Free America. We demand the OPEN SHOP, LAW AND ORDER, A SQUARE DEAL FOR ALL; one LANGUAGE, one LOYALTY, one FLAG.

The following firms—members of the Merchant Tailors Society of the City of New York—willingly made the sacrifices, financially and otherwise, individually and collectively to establish the Open Shop in our city:

Henri P. Balivet 62 Broadway	C. D. Davis 624 Fifth Avenue	R. Fritzsche Co. 263 Fifth Avenue	F. L. Hatfield 347 Fifth Avenue	R. J. Lyons & Son 9 West 46th Street	Alfred Nelson Co. 261 Fifth Avenue	M. Rock 315 Fifth Avenue	Stadler & Stadler 785 Fifth Avenue	Vroom 580 Fifth Avenue
Richard Bennett 179 Broadway	Edwin N. Doll 3 East 44th Street	Heyman Gelston 9 East 35th Street	Harry C. Hopper 207 Broadway	Max Marx 634 Fifth Avenue	W. R. Nicholson, Inc. 325 Madison Avenue	Rupert A. Ryley 784 Fifth Avenue	Robert Stewart 570 Fifth Avenue	Jules C. Weiss & Co. 381 Fifth Avenue
Louis Berg 233 Fifth Avenue	F. L. Dunne & Co. 511 Fifth Avenue	H. H. Gordon & Co. 261 Broadway	N. Imandt 12 East 46th Street	Vito S. Martinelli 320 Fifth Avenue	Norris & Frank 240 Broadway	Sanford & Sanford 512 Fifth Avenue	Stiner & Katzman 125 Fifth Avenue	Noel B. Wemlinger 435 Fifth Avenue
Burnham & Phillips 590 Fifth Avenue	Edouard 4 East 46th Street	Thomas H. Graham Co. 90 Nassau Street	Geo. H. Inglis 12 East 46th Street	Berkley R. Merwin, Inc. 681 Fifth Avenue	John Patterson & Co. 665 Fifth Avenue	Joseph Schanz 11 East 40th Street	Stone 537 Fifth Avenue	West & Co. 49 Broadway
Butland & Weinrich 116 Nassau Street	E. W. Emery Co. 246 Fifth Avenue	Gray & Lampel 580 Fifth Avenue	Jenkel, Inc. 9 East 45th Street	J. P. Mueller Co. 50 Broadway	Pearson 580 Fifth Avenue	Schene & Schene 277 Fifth Avenue	Tappen & Pierson 542 Fifth Avenue	Westerlund-Carlstrom, Inc. 533 Fifth Avenue
James M. Cahn & Bros. 624 Fifth Avenue	Charles Eppler 19 Church Street	M. B. Guilford 12 East 48th Street	John J. Kennedy 574 Fifth Avenue	Fredk. C. Muller 47 Broadway	Petronio & Co., Inc. 634 Fifth Avenue	Max Schneider 135 East 34th Street	Herbert F. Taylor, Inc. 561 Fifth Avenue	Wetzel 2 and 4 East 44th Street
Lee Cedarbloom 373 Fifth Avenue	Everall Bros. 520 Fifth Avenue	H. R. Hansen Co. 570 Fifth Avenue	Kerr & Johanson 26 Cortlandt Street	McEnany & Scott 12 West 46th Street	Wm. R. Powell 542 Fifth Avenue	J. Seidenfried 12 West 40th Street	J. D. Thees & Sons 313 Lenox Avenue	Whitaker & Co., Inc. 681 Fifth Avenue
W. J. Coleman 5 East 47th Street	Matthew I. Fox 12 East 44th Street	Geo. A. Haskett 537 Fifth Avenue	Leon Lasarow 431 Fifth Avenue	Conrad F. Nagel, Inc. 111 Broadway	Quinlan, Inc. 15 East 47th Street	Shotland, Inc. 425 Fifth Avenue	Thorsen, Gray & Smith 634 Fifth Avenue	E. H. Woywod, Inc. 5 East 47th Street
D'Andrea Bros. 259 Fifth Avenue					Rice & Duval 595 Fifth Avenue	D. Spero 15-17 East 40th Street	Twyeffort, Inc. 550 Fifth Avenue	